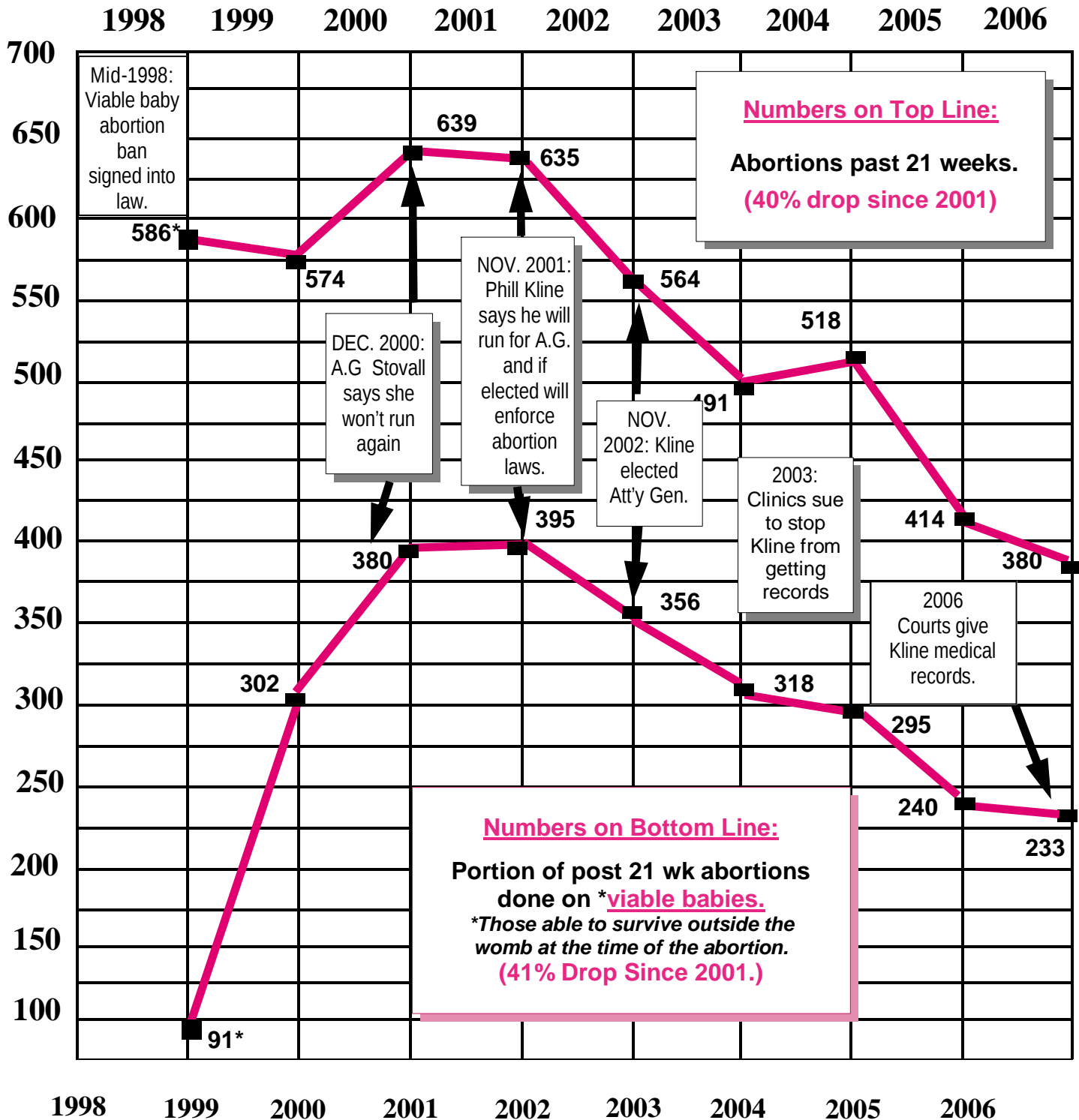


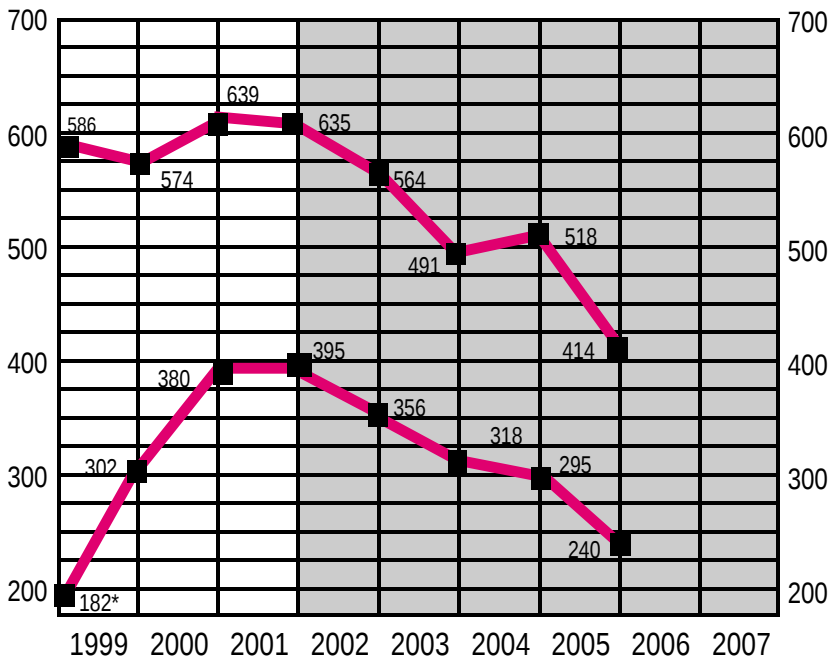
KANSAS ANNUAL LATE-TERM ABORTIONS

Source: Kansas Department of Health and Environment: <http://www.kdheks.gov/hci/absumm.html>



* The law banning the abortion of viable babies (with narrow exceptions) requiring statistical information of same, was signed into law in July of 1998, thus the 1999 figures represent the first full year of such record keeping. Note that such abortions actually increased from the end of 1999 to the end of 2000.

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July 1998: Bill signed by Governor Graves requiring that women seeking abortions around 22 weeks of pregnancy get tested to see if the baby is viable. If found not viable, abortion can be done immediately. If found viable (able to live outside the womb) then an abortion can still be performed by the abortionist must get another doctor to sign off on the fact that she needs the abortion to avoid substantial and irreversible damage to her "bodily" health. "Bodily" is interpreted to include both mental and physical health. Another part of the bill says partial birth abortions can be done if needed for substantial and irreversible "physical and ment" health damage, and, again, another doctor has to sign off on it..

Dec. 2000-Attorney General Carla Stovall announces she will not seek re-election. Stovall had accepted campaign funds from later term abortion provider, George Tiller of Wichita.

Nov. 2001-Phill Kline announces he will run for attorney general and intends, if elected, to enforce Kansas abortion laws.

Summer-Fall 2002-George Tiller spends hundreds of thousands of dollars trying to keep Kline from winning through his ProKanDo Political Action Committee.

Nov. 2002-Phill Kline wins attorney general seat.

2002-Attorney General Kline holds an education session for Kansas legislators to inform them of horrible conditions at a Kansas City, Kansas abortion clinic.

Spring, 2003- A.G. Kline holds educational meeting for legislators about horrendous conditions at a Kansas City, Kansas abortion clinic.

Fall, 2003- A.G. Kline presents evidence to judge and requests medical records from abortion clinics in an attempt to enforce Kansas law against sexual predators and clinics that perform late-term abortions.

Spring 2004-Clinics reveal Kline request for medical records. they sue Kline saying they will not cooperate with his request for medical records.

